



# BISHOP’S UNIVERSITY

## MATH 200: FINAL EXAM FALL 2021

Name:

Student #:

- Prepare neat solutions. Briefly justify your work, that is, *make your reasoning clear*.
- All answers must be exact (no decimals allowed) unless specifically directed otherwise.
- The back of each page may be used for scrap paper.
- A **Casio fx260-solar** or **Casio fx260-solar II** calculator is permitted. No other aids are permitted.
- **Remember that Bishop’s University has a ZERO-TOLERANCE POLICY for academic misconduct on final exams.**
- There are 5 bonus marks at the end of the exam. The maximum score possible will 105 points.

| Page   | Points | Score |
|--------|--------|-------|
| 2      | 15     |       |
| 3      | 15     |       |
| 4      | 10     |       |
| 5      | 15     |       |
| 6      | 20     |       |
| 7      | 20     |       |
| 8      | 10     |       |
| Total: | 105    |       |

1. (10 points) Show, via truth tables, that  $P \rightarrow \sim Q$  and  $\sim (P \wedge Q)$  are logically equivalent.

| $P$ | $Q$ |  |  |  |  |
|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|
| T   | T   |  |  |  |  |
| T   | F   |  |  |  |  |
| F   | T   |  |  |  |  |
| F   | F   |  |  |  |  |

2. (5 points) Use the binomial theorem to find the coefficient of  $x^6y^3$  in  $(3x - 2y)^9$ .

3. The Alumni of Saint Belousov University have decided to run a lottery in support of the University Tiddlywinks team. The lottery committee agree that ticket buyers will pick 5 letters from the 13 different letters that make up the name of the University: s, a, i, n, t, b, e, l, o, u, v, r, y.

How many different tickets are possible if:

- (a) (5 points) The order in which the letters are picked is not important and no letter may be repeated (eg. *saint* and *stain* give the same ticket.)

- (b) (5 points) The order is taken into account and letters may be repeated (eg. *abbab* and *aabbb* are different tickets)

- (c) (5 points) The order is taken into account and letters may be repeated but exactly three of the letters must be vowels. (eg. *asalo*. Note: *y* is not considered to be a vowel in this instance.)

4. Use Mathematical Induction to prove:

(a) (10 points)  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, 2 + 5 + 8 + \cdots + (3n - 1) = \frac{n(3n + 1)}{2}$

- (b) (15 points)  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \forall q > 0, (1 + q)^n \geq 1 + nq$ . In addition, show that the statement is not true if “ $q > 0$ ” is replaced by “ $q \in \mathbb{R}$ ”.

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5. (10 points) Let  $x$  and  $y$  be integers. Prove that if  $x^2y$  is even, then  $x$  is even or  $y$  is even.
6. (10 points) Prove that  $\sqrt{7}$  is irrational. (You may assume that if  $p$  is prime and  $p|a^2$  where  $a \in \mathbb{Z}$  then  $p|a$ .)

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7. (10 points) Prove that  $\{5x + 12y \mid x, y \in \mathbb{Z}\} = \mathbb{Z}$ .

8. (10 points) Prove: If  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  are sets then  $A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cup (A - C)$ .

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9. (10 points) Prove or disprove: The inequality  $2^x \geq x + 1$  is true for all positive real numbers  $x$ .
10. (5 Bonus points) Prove  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2^n - 1} + \frac{1}{2^n} \geq 1 + \frac{n}{2}$ .