



# BISHOP'S UNIVERSITY

## MATH 317: FINAL EXAM FALL 2018

- 
- Prepare neat solutions. Briefly justify your work, that is, *make your reasoning clear*.
  - All answers must be exact (no decimals allowed) unless specifically directed otherwise.
  - All answers must be in the form of  $x + iy$  unless otherwise indicated.
  - A **Casio fx260-solar** or **Casio fx260-solar II** calculator is permitted. No other aids are permitted.
  - **Remember that Bishop's University has a ZERO-TOLERANCE POLICY for academic misconduct on final exams.**
- 

1. (5 points) Write  $(\sqrt{3} - i)^5$  in complex exponential form with an argument in the interval  $(\pi, 3\pi]$ .
2. (5 points) Write  $4e^{-i\frac{17}{6}\pi}$  in rectangular form. All trigonometric functions must be evaluated exactly.
3. (5 points) Express in the form  $a + bi$ ,  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ , all solutions of  $z^4 + 5z^2 = 36$ . All trigonometric functions must be evaluated.
4. (5 points) Solve:  $\sin z = \cosh 3$ .
5. (a) (2 points) State the Cauchy-Riemann equations.  
(b) (6 points) Without reference to analyticity, verify that the Cauchy-Riemann equations are satisfied for the function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2}$ .  
(c) (6 points) If  $u(x, y) = ax + by$  is harmonic, find its harmonic conjugate. Are there any restrictions on  $a$  and  $b$ ?
6. (10 points) Classify the singular points of  $\frac{\sin z}{z^5(z^2 + 1)^2(z + 3)^3}$ .
7. (10 points) Find all Laurent series for
$$f(z) = \frac{3z}{8z^3 - 1}$$
about  $z = 0$  and state where they are convergent.
8. (5 points) If  $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} 2^n}{3n(n+1)!} (z+i)^{5-n}$ , evaluate  $\oint_C \frac{f(z)}{(z+i)^2} dz$  where  $C$  is  $|z-i| = 4$ , travelled counterclockwise.
9. (5 points) Compute  $\oint_C \frac{e^z}{\cos \pi z} dz$  where  $C$  is the curve  $|z| = 1$  travelled counterclockwise.
10. (10 points) Evaluate  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{5 - 4 \sin \theta}$
11. Consider a linear fractional transformation that maps
$$\begin{array}{l} \infty \text{ to } 1 \\ 0 \text{ to } 0 \\ -1 \text{ to } \frac{1+i}{2}. \end{array}$$
  - (a) (6 points) Find the transformation.
  - (b) (6 points) What does the upper half-plane  $y > 0$  get mapped to?
  - (c) (4 points) What are the fixed points?